The Australasian Recycling Label in New Zealand

Tuesday 2 November 2021

Important tips for today's webinar:

- Use headphones/earphones for clarity of sound.
- Use the chat box to say hello enter your full name and organisation.
- Use the Q&A function to submit questions for the group discussion.

Please note: This session will be recorded and made available in the coming weeks





Today webinar

- New Zealand Government endorses the ARL and the FGC-led work programme—
 Shaun Lewis and Nicola White, Ministry for Environment
- The ARL Program Alex Dickie, APCO
- Food & Grocery Sustainability Committee Purpose & Working Group Cameron Scott, KCC and Jennifer Evans, Mondelez
- Debunking misconceptions Jennifer Evans, Mondelez
- Audience Q&A

Facilitated by Katherine Rich





New Zealand Government Strategy and Legislation review

Shaun Lewis and Nicola White







Te kawe i te haepapa para Taking responsibility for our waste

Consultation on:

- Proposals for a new waste strategy
- Issues and options for new waste legislation

Proposals for a new long term waste strategy



Vision:

A circular economy for Aotearoa New Zealand in 2050

- We look after the planet's resources with care and responsibility.
- We respect and understand our inseparable connection with the environment.
- A land where nothing is wasted.

Principles:

- 1. Design out waste, pollution, emissions and unnecessary use of materials
- 2. Keep products and materials in use at their highest value
- 3. Regenerate natural systems, so the environment is healthy for future generations
- 4. Take responsibility for the past, present and future condition of our natural environment
- 5. Think in systems, where everything is interconnected
- 6. Deliver equitable and inclusive outcomes

Proposed course / te taka mahere



2022-30: Catching up

Get the basics in place and working to:

- → sow the seeds for transformational change
- → bring our resource recovery systems up to global standards
- → reduce emissions from waste.

2030-40: Pushing ahead

Increase support and pressure for:

- → widespread changes in mindset, systems and behaviour
- → optimising resource recovery for growing circular systems
- → major efforts to remediate and regenerate.

2040-50: Embedding a new normal

Embed and integrate:

- → circular systems and behaviours across society
- → resource recovery systems into closed circular loops
- → regeneration into systems of production and use.

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Targets for 2030

NZ reduces waste generation by 5-10% per person

NZ reduces biogenic waste methane emissions by at least 30%

NZ reduces litter by 60%

The public sector reduces waste generation by 30-50%

Businesses reduce waste disposal by 30-50%

Households reduce waste disposal by 60-70%

A circular economy for Aotearoa New Zealand in 2050

Stage 1: Proposed priorities and headline actions



Now to 2030

- 1. Complete the foundations for transformational change
- Strategic planning framework, data, evaluation and reporting systems all up and running
- New legislation passed and implemented; new investment systems operating for levy funds
- Strong collaborative relationships with partners developing
- 2. Stimulate innovation and redesign for long term change
- Invest in projects and programmes
- Build network of innovators; Encourage and sponsor change
- Create market opportunities (signal expectations, future changes) and consumer demand
- 3. Establish long term information and education programmes
- Create a consistent brand, style, 'voice'
- Collaborate with others, especially established NGOs
- Support new initiatives with linked material

4. Get resource recovery and recycling systems working well

- Simplify material streams using regulatory tools, manufacturing changes, labelling standards
- Improve collection systems nationally; invest in equipment, infrastructure
- Invest in regional, community, iwi initiatives
- 5. Reduce emissions from organic waste
- Reduce generation of food and green waste, construction and demolition waste, paper, cardboard
- Divert more from landfill: separate collection and processing systems, research
- Improve and extend landfill gas capture

6. Understand scale of past environmental damage and approaches to remediation

- Engage with communities and research to assess scope, scale and identify most urgent sites
- Work with all parties to tackle the most urgent
- Invest in research and infrastructure for better approaches to remediation

Proposing a new comprehensive Act

- 1. Create clear and coherent governance and funding arrangements across central and local government
 - Purpose, principles
 - Roles and responsibilities across government
 - Collection, governance and use of levy funds
- 2. Regulate how we manage and dispose of waste
 - Duties of care as basis of obligations across sector and society
 - Licensing operators and facilities across waste sector
 - National standards
 - Reframing litter obligations
 - Covering hazardous waste?
- 3. Enhance powers to regulate products and materials, eg:
 - Improving system for more and better product stewardship schemes
 - Enhanced phase-out powers, bans to landfill
 - Labelling
 - Greater import/export controls?
 - Producer duties/consumer rights rights to repair?
- 4. Strengthen compliance, monitoring and enforcement powers



Next steps



Public consultation period

15 Oct – 26 Nov 2021

Early 2022

- MfE analyses all submissions, further work to develop proposals
- Targeted engagement as needed

Mid 2022

- Cabinet approves final strategy
- Cabinet makes policy decisions for legislative drafting to begin

2023

Parliamentary process for the legislation, including select committee submissions and hearings

The ARL Program

Alex Dickie

DRIVING BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

HOW IT WORKS

GETTING INVOLVED





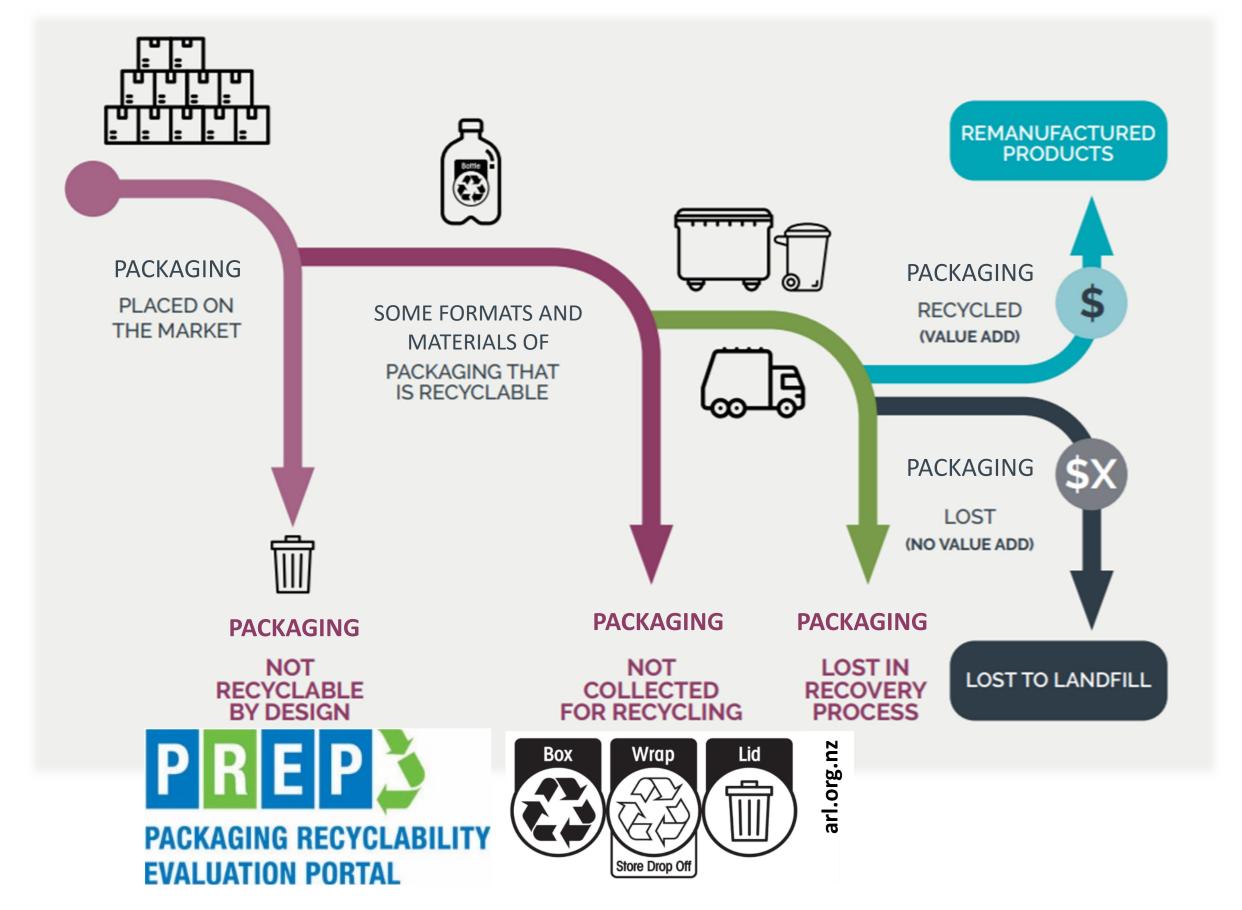
The ARL Program

DRIVING BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

In industry and consumers





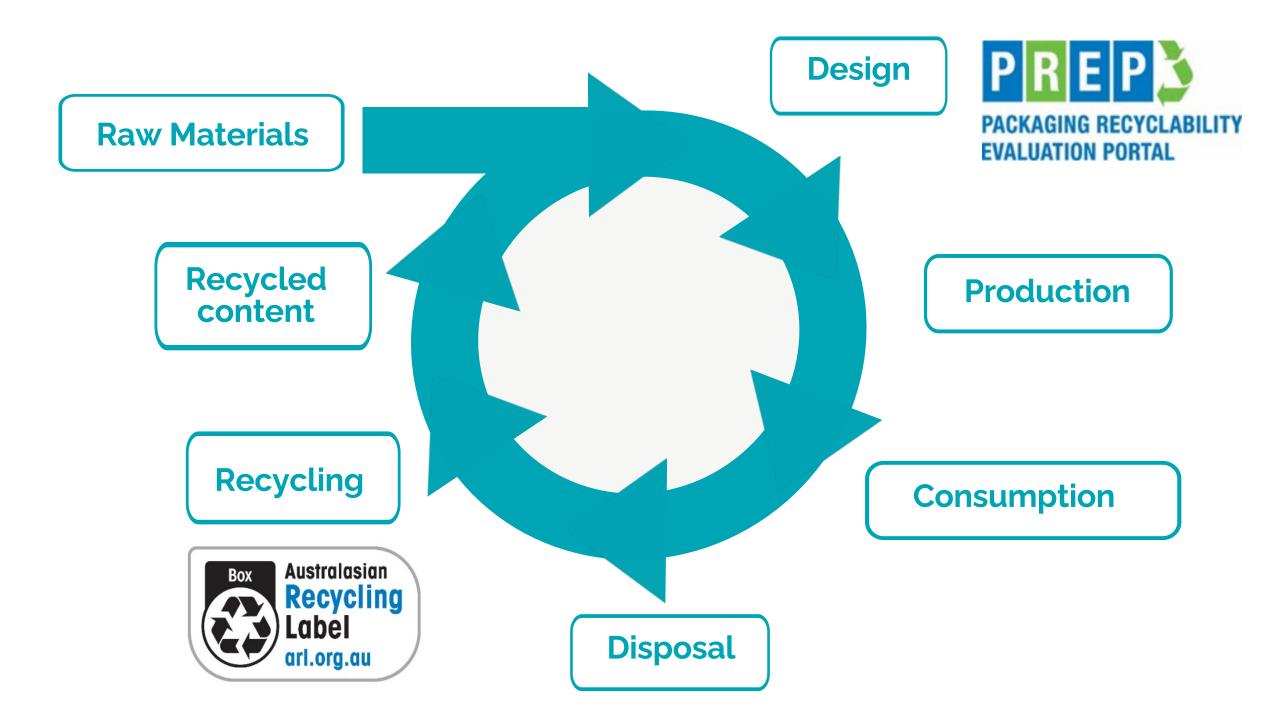






For industry:

- Bridging the gap between packaging design and recycling
- Providing the evidence base for consumer packaging recyclability

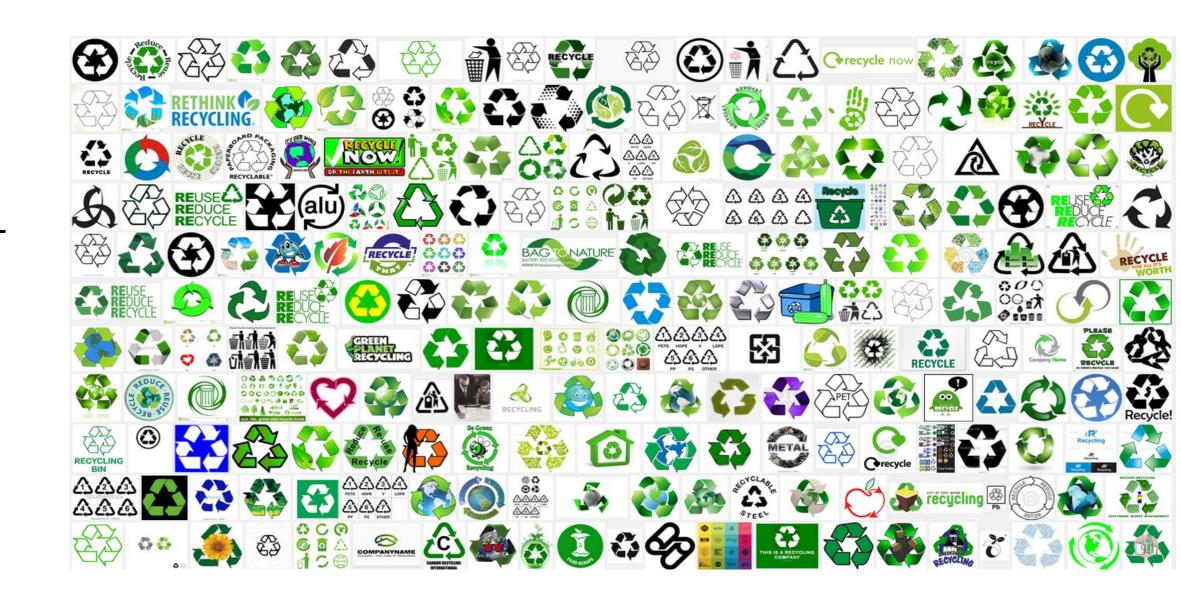






For consumers:

- Providing clear and consistent onpack recycling information
- Giving consumers confidence in recycling and that they recycle correctly









Insight 1.

Consumers value recycling.



Insight 2.

Consumers want information on how to recycle right.

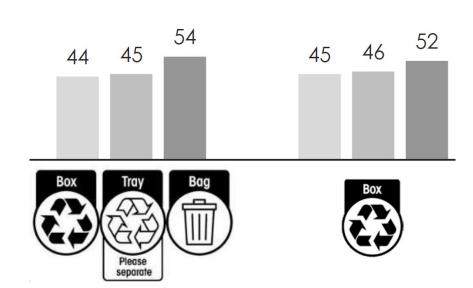


Insight 4.

Consumers
value the ARL.

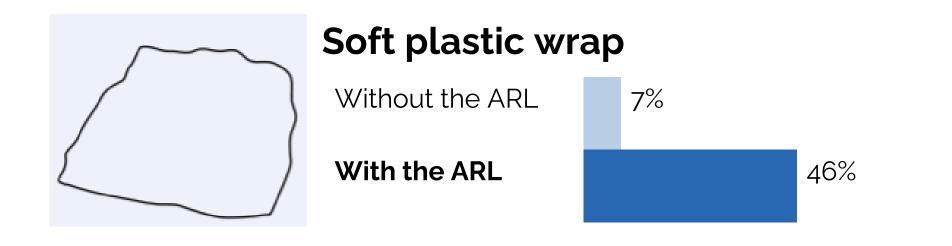
79% of New Zealanders agree that regularly recycling is most helpful for the environment

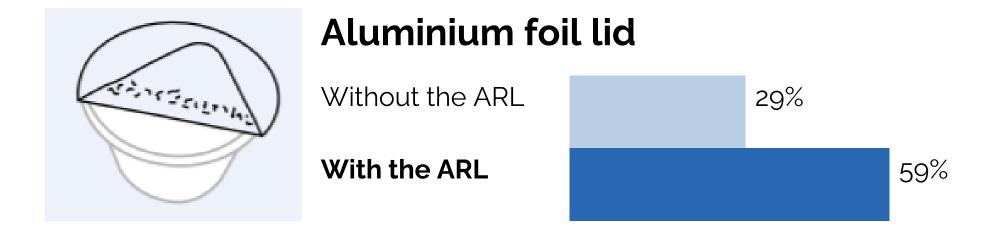
69% of New Zealanders want more information about what they can and can't recycle.
49% agree that knowing what to and not to recycle is confusing.

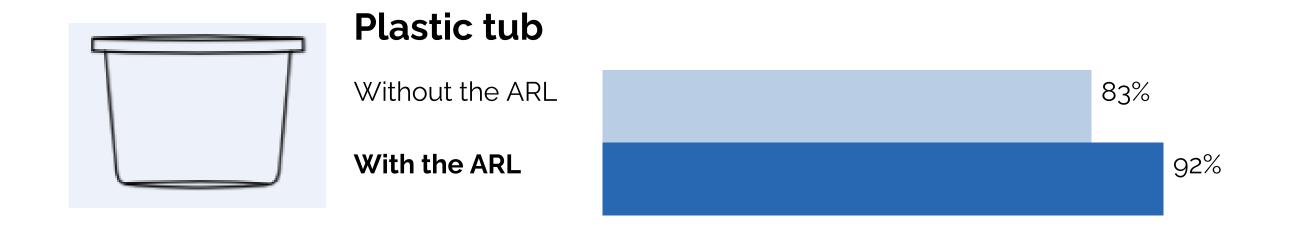


75% agree that the ARL is a great idea; 18% would recycle a lot more if the ARL was on-pack.

50% agree it would make them more likely to buy products if they had these labels.







Insight 5.

The ARL improves recycling behaviours.

The ARL Program

DRIVING BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

- 1. Closing the loop between design and recycling.
- 2. Providing consistency and clarity for on-pack recycling messaging.





The ARL Program

HOW IT WORKS

PREP and the ARL





The Packaging Recyclability Evaluation Portal:

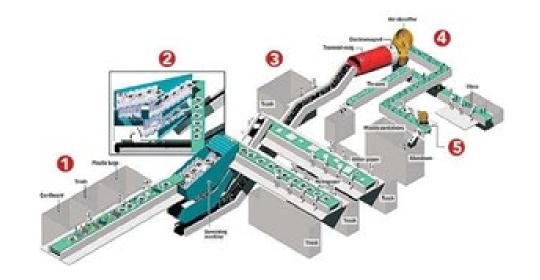
1 Collection





Available end markets











Aluminium Smelter



Steel Smelter



Paper Mill



Plastics Processing





The Packaging Recyclability Evaluation Portal:

PREP algorithms refer to Parameters (P) and thresholds (T) set by each nation/region

For example:

P = How small is too small for a plastic item?

T = less than 50mm in 3 dimensions





The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)



Responsible for verifying PREP data, ensure all technical and kerbside data is as up to date and verified as possible.



Comprised of experts across the supply chain and government, with New Zealand and Australian representation.



Two subcommittees to focus on Plastics & Paper, Glass and Metal



Alternate monthly TAC and subcommittee meetings

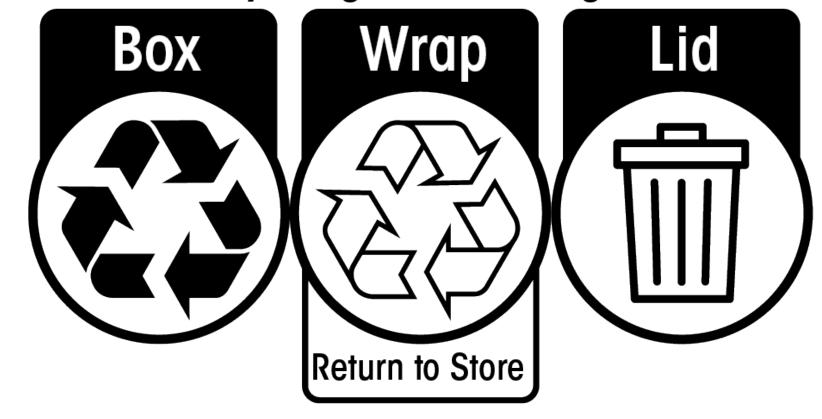




The Australasian Recycling Label:

- Identifies each packaging component
- Removes confusion for consumers
- Reduces contamination in co-mingled recycling
- Enables a cleaner waste stream
- Optimises end markets for packaging

For more information on recycling visit arl.org.nz









The Marketing Advisory Committee (MAC)

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- Responsible for the National Consumer Education Campaign for the ARL
- Comprised of experts across the supply chain, including all levels of government, with New Zealand and Australian representation.
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- Inform on-pack consumer instructions and behaviours
- **/**
- Meet every two months







The ARL Program

HOW IT WORKS

- PREP underpins every application of the ARL
- 2. The ARL Program is informed, adaptable and evolving.





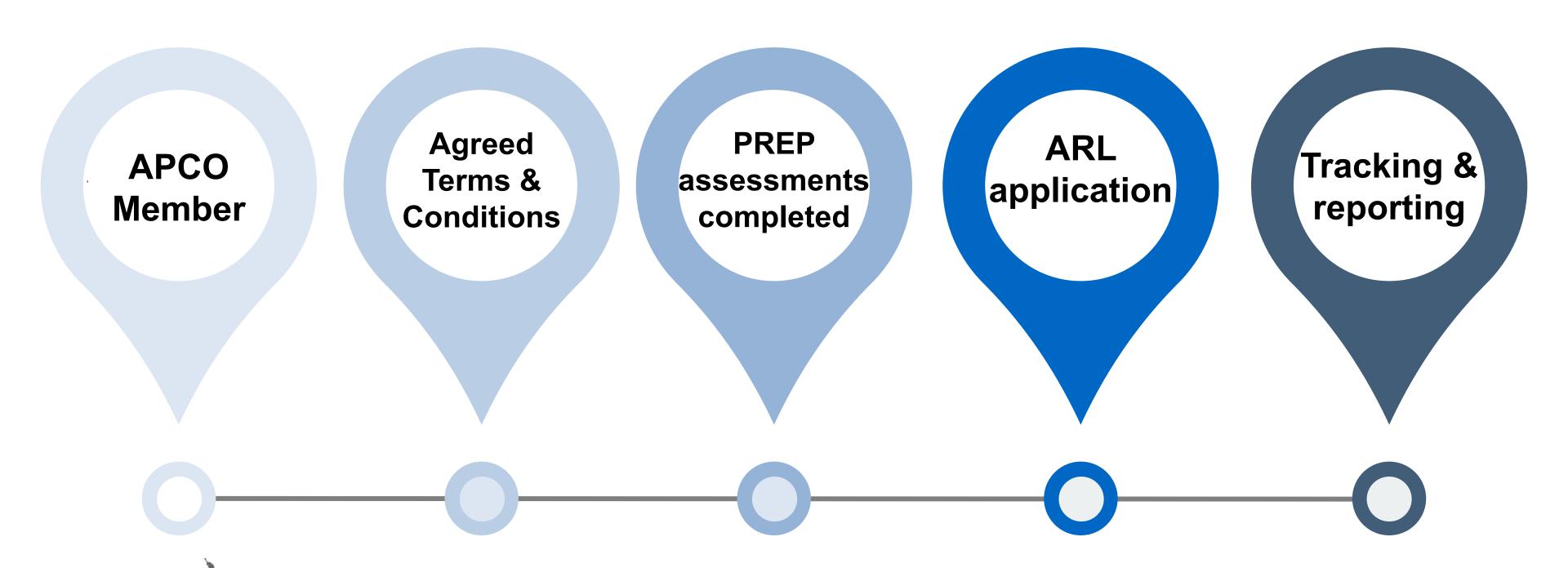
The ARL Program

GETTING INVOLVED

APCO Membership and the ARL Program steps







Becoming an APCO member



1. Working with your Australian counterparts to be included as part of an existing **Brand Owner Membership**











Resources to support accurate use of PREP and the ARL



Introduction to the ARL Program









Resources to support with communications and marketing











Ongoing support:

- Administering access to PREP and the ARL
- Support for conducting assessments and enquiries
- Updating and creating resources to support organisations across the ARL Program Journey
- Compliance of the ARL
- Approving First ARL Designs
- Managing and tracking the reported number of stock keeping units (SKUs) that carried the ARL annually
- Managing the ARL Program 3rd Party Audits





The ARL Program

GETTING INVOLVED

- Access provided to compliant members
- 2. Support across the ARL journey





ARL NZ Working Group Implementation Update

Cameron Scott and Jennifer Evans





A Rapidly Growing Approach to Working Groups within New Zealand

 The FGC will work with APCO to transition from the current working group approach in NZ to integrating within the ARL Program approach

Currently:

- FCG established a NZ working group to support the ARL Program Implementation in NZ
- Comprised of 25 Core Members and 7 Secondary Members

Moving to:

- —The Marketing Advisory Committee (MAC) both NZ and Aus participants from across the supply chain
- —The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) both NZ and Aus participants from across the supply chain





Proposed ARL NZ framework A Model that is Fit for Purpose in NZ



Administers the ARL Program Tracks industry progress and compliance







Technical Advisory **Committee** (TAC) **Includes NZ** members













Works with APCO to engage industry on the ARL Program

Key Achievements to Date

- Integration of the current NZ Working Groups into the MAC and TAC Working Groups of the ARL Program
- Beyond FGC: Collaboration across industries and waste/recycling sector
- Agreement and distribution of Terms of Reference
- Recognition of the ARL Program by the Ministry for Environment





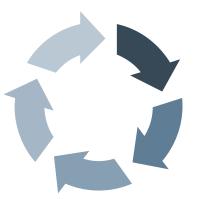


Our Strategic Plan for Implementation and Adoption



3-Year roadmap

Clearly outlines our framework and strategy



Analysis & Design

Ensure data is accurate and taking into account EPR, kerbside collection, etc



Communication Plan

From stakeholders to consumers – the communication journey





Myth Busting

Top 5 Questions around ARL

Jennifer Evans





Top 5 Questions around the ARL Program

- 1 Is it cost prohibitive? What are the fees to join?
- 2. Do I have to join APCO to have ARL on pack?
- If my organisation is Trans-Tasman and already paying for ARL in AU, do I need to pay again in NZ?
- Where do the NZ fees go?
- ⁵ Is ARL mandatory in New Zealand?







Questions

Please add your questions to the Q&A box





THANK YOU

Contact Us:

arl@apco.org.au

